TINKER PARK HUMMINGBIRD GARDEN

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color, Bloom Time	<u>Height</u>
Agastache foeniculum	(Anise hyssop)	Lavender, midsummer	3-5'
Aquilegia coerulea 'McKana's Giant'	(Columbine)	Mix, spring	2-3'
Crocosmia 'Lucifer'	(Montbretia)	Red, midsummer	3-5'
Delphinium exaltatum	(Tall larkspur)	Blue, late summer	4-6'
Desmodium canadense	(Showy tick trefoil)	Pink, midsummer	2-6'
Digitalis lutea	(Yellow foxglove)	Pale yellow, summer	2-4'
Digitalis purpurea 'Dalmation Mix'	(Foxglove)	Mix, early summer	16-24"
Echinacea purpurea	(Purple coneflower)	Purple, midsummer	3-4'
Hibiscus 'Vintage Wine'	(Hibiscus)	Red, late summer	3-4'
Iris germanica	(Bearded iris)	Lavender, late spring	1-2'
Lobelia cardinalis	(Cardinal flower)	Scarlet, late summer-fall	3-4'
Lonicera sempervirens' Major Wheeler' (Honeysuckle)		Red, late spring	vine
Lupinus 'Gallery Mix'	(Lupine)	Mix, early summer	18-24"
Lychnis calcedonica	(Maltese cross)	Orange-red, late spring	2-3'
Monarda didyma	(Beebalm)	Magenta, midsummer	3-4'
Monarda (dwarf variety)	(Beebalm)	Reddish, midsummer	1-2'
Monarda fistulosa	(Wild bergamot)	Lavender, midsummer	2-4'
Narcissus	(Daffodil)	Yellow, spring	1-2'
Penstemon barbatus var. praecox	(Beardtongue)	Purple, midsummer	1-2'
Penstemon digitalis	(Beardtongue)	White, early summer	2-4'
Penstemon hirsutus	(Hairy beardtongue)	Lavender&white, late spring	1-2'
Penstemon schmidel 'Red Riding Hood'		Red, early summer	1-2'
Phlox paniculata 'David'	(Garden phlox)	White, midsummer	2-4'
Physostegia virginiana	(Obedient plant)	Pink, mid-late summer	2-4'
Platycodon grandiflorus	(Balloon flower)	Blue, summer	3-4'
Salvia x sylvestris	(Meadow sage)	Blue, pink, late spring	1-2'
Silene regia	(Royal catchfly)	Scarlet, midsummer	3-4'
Thermopsis caroliniana	(Carolina lupine)	Yellow, early summer	3-5'

<u>Annuals</u>

Dusty miller 'Silver Dust' Four O'clock 'Z-Scape Mix' Petunia 'Madness Red' Salvia 'Vista Purple'

Although there are 14 species of hummingbirds observed in North America, only the ruby-throated hummingbird is seen in this region. Every spring, these little birds migrate here from wintering grounds in Central America. They are attracted to tubular flowers, especially red ones, for sources of nectar, and pollinate the flowers. Hummingbirds also consume tiny insects such as white flies and gnats.

In 2019, the Hummingbird Garden received a sundial, inscribed with "West Town Garden Club 1965," that had originally been located by the Henrietta Town Hall, where the club held their meetings. This club became the Henrietta Garden Club.