TOWN OF HENRIETTA

Monroe County, New York

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended December 31, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Pages
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 - 12
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements -	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements -	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15 - 16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17 - 18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements:	21 - 41
Required Supplementary Information:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Major Special Revenues Fund Types	42 - 45
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	46 - 47
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds	48 - 49

Raymond F. Wager, CPA, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Shareholders:

Raymond F. Wager, CPA Thomas J. Lauffer, CPA Thomas C. Zuber, CPA Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and New York State Society of Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Town Council The Town of Henrietta Monroe County, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Henrietta, Monroe County, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Henrietta, Monroe County, New York, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3–12 and 42–45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Roymond & Wage . CAR. PC

May 1, 2013

Town of Henrietta, Monroe County, New York

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

December 31, 2012

Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Henrietta, Monroe County, New York's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2012. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance understanding of the Town's financial performance, which immediately follows this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for year 2012 are as follows:

- On the government-wide financial statements, the total assets of the Town exceeded liabilities by \$56,710,565 (net position) an increase of \$1,340,418. Of the current year amount, the unrestricted portion is \$13,116,579. The balance of net position is either restricted for specific purposes or the net book value of capital assets.
- ♦ The Town's governmental fund financial statements report a combined ending fund balance of \$18,188,842, an increase of \$901,754 in comparison with the prior year. At the end of the current year, \$10,775,763 is available for spending at the Town's discretion.
- ♦ At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,817,432 an increase of \$971,803 from the prior year.
- ♦ General revenues which include Sales Tax, State Aid-Mortgage Tax, Real Property Tax, Compensation for Loss, Investment Earnings, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$9,843,186 or 59% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for Services, Operating Grants and Contributions, and Capital Grants and Contributions accounted for \$6,764,206 or 41% of total revenues.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Henrietta's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- ♦ The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.
- ♦ The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
- ♦ The *governmental* activities of the Town include highway maintenance, snow removal, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

2. Fund Financial Statements

- ♦ A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: Governmental Funds and Fiduciary Funds.
- ♦ Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.
- ♦ Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.
- ♦ The Town maintains four major individual governmental funds; General Fund, Highway Fund, Sewer Fund, and Drainage Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for each fund. The Town has elected to report the Capital Fund, the Public Library Fund, the Street Lighting Fund, the Consolidated Sewer Fund, the Parks Fund, and the Transportation Fund as non-major funds.

- ♦ The Town adopts an annual budget for each of its major funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each major fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.
- ♦ The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the Town in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the Town on behalf of others. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the Town's programs.

The financial statements for the Town of Henrietta, Monroe County, New York can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

Major	Features of the Town-Wid	le and Fund Financial St	atements		
		Fund Financ	rial Statements		
	Town-Wide	Governmental	Fiduciary		
<u>Features</u>	<u>Statements</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>		
Scope	Entire Town	The activities of the Town that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as General Administration, Highway and Library	Instances in which the Town administers resources on behalf of someone else		
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resource focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long- term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can		
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

3. Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Town's financial position. In the case of the Town of Henrietta, Monroe County, New York, net position at the close of the current year were \$56,710,565.

Net Position

The Town's combined net position were larger on December 31, 2012, than they were the year before, as shown in table below:

			%
<u>ASSETS</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Current Assets	\$ 19,012,232	\$ 18,041,526	5.38%
Capital Assets, Net	39,795,869	39,536,263	0.66%
Total Assets	\$ 58,808,101	\$ 57,577,789	2.14%
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Current Liabilities	\$ 838,369	\$ 771,255	8.70%
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Due in One Year	197,292	186,597	5.73%
Due in More Than One Year	1,061,875	 1,249,790	-15.04%
Total Liabilities	 2,097,536	 2,207,642	-4.99%
NET POSITION			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	\$ 38,565,869	\$ 38,126,263	1.15%
Restricted Capital Reserves	684,884	433,331	58.05%
Restricted Other Purposes	4,343,233	4,401,128	-1.32%
Unrestricted	 13,116,579	 12,409,425	5.70%
Total Net Position	\$ 56,710,565	\$ 55,370,147	2.42%

By far, the largest component of the Town's net position (68%) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to the residents and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There are restricted net position balances in Capital Reserves, and Other Purposes, which constitute 9% of total net position. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, which is a surplus of \$13,116,579 (23%), may be used to finance future operations.

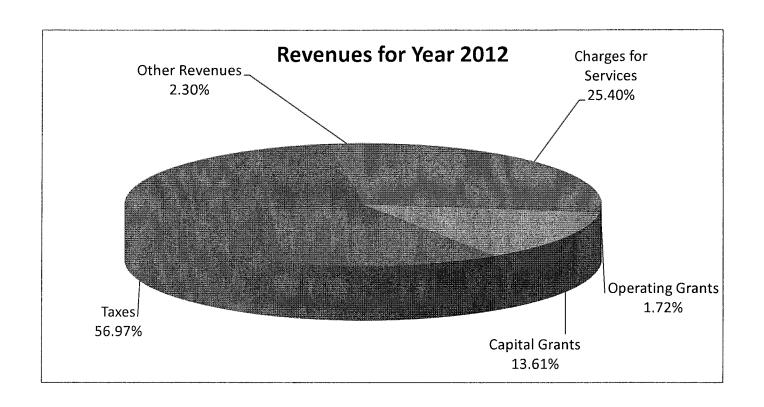
Changes in Net Position

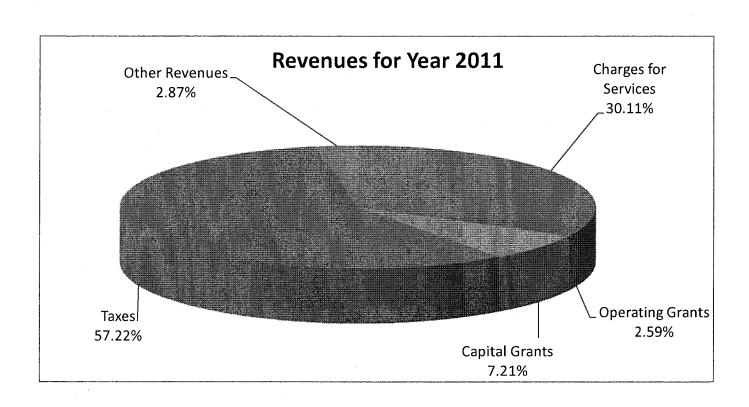
The Town's total revenues were more for 2012 than they were the year before, increasing by 4% to \$16,607,392. The Town relies upon taxes, charges for services, capital and operating grants as their primary revenue sources.

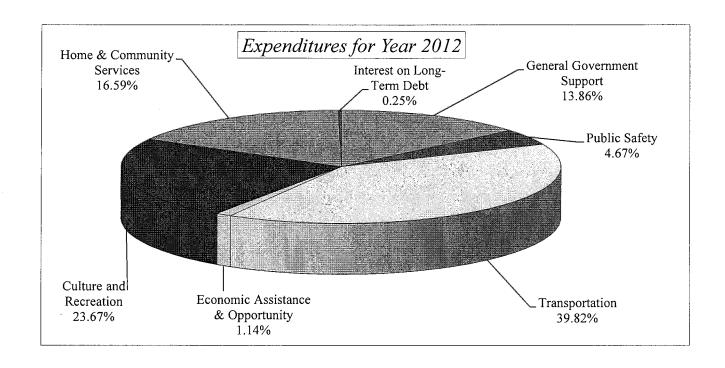
The Town's total expenditures were more for 2012 than they were the year before, increasing by 2% to \$15,266,974.

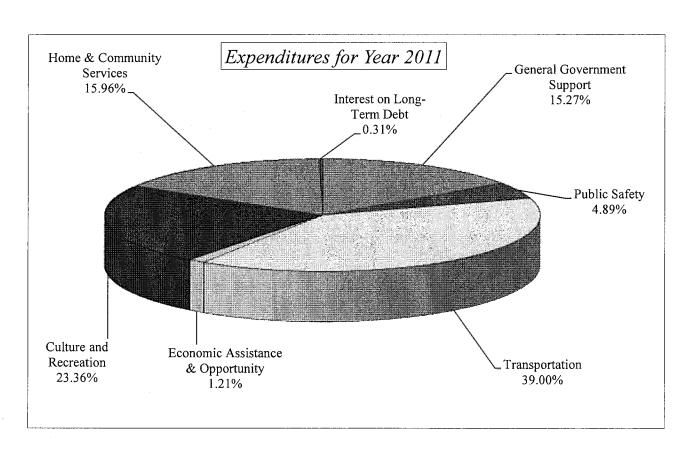
See table below:

					%
Revenues:		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Charges for Services	\$	4,218,745	\$	4,831,744	-12.69%
Operating Grants & Contributions		285,312		414,991	-31.25%
Capital Grants & Contributions		2,260,149		1,156,190	95.48%
Taxes		9,461,316		9,181,421	3.05%
Other Revenues		381,870		461,318	-17.22%
Total Revenues		16,607,392	_\$_	16,045,664	3.50%
Expenditures:					
General Government Support	\$	2,116,758	\$	2,284,470	-7.34%
Public Safety		713,675		731,285	-2.41%
Transportation		6,077,364		5,834,402	4.16%
Economic Assistance		174,029		181,021	-3.86%
Culture & Recreation		3,614,303		3,495,412	3.40%
Home & Community Services		2,532,359		2,388,329	6.03%
Interest on Long-Term Debt		38,486		45,179	-14.81%
Total Expenditures	_\$_	15,266,974	_\$_	14,960,098	2.05%
Change in Net Position	\$	1,340,418	\$	1,085,566	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		55,370,147		54,284,581	
Net Position - End of Year		56,710,565		55,370,147	









Financial Analysis of the Town of Henrietta's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year and amounts to be applied against next years fund balance.

As of the end of the current year, the Town's combined governmental fund balances are \$18,188,842 which is greater than last year's ending fund balance of \$17,287,088.

Of the total combined fund balances, \$183,012 has been designated as nonspendable fund balance, \$5,114,557 has been designated as restricted fund balance, \$2,115,510 has been designated as assigned fund balance and the remaining balance of \$10,775,763 (unassigned fund balance) is primarily for providing cash flow and for future spending needs.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,817,432, of which \$10,775,763 was unassigned. The fund balance for the Town of Henrietta's General Fund increased by \$971,803 compared with the prior year.

Budgetary Highlights

The key budget variances for the major funds are listed below.

	Budget Variance Amended Vs.	
Revenue Items	<u>Actual</u>	Explanation for Budget Variance
		Sales tax continues to be higher than expected given the
General Fund-Non-Property Taxes	\$919,562	current economic conditions.
General Fund-Miscellaneous	\$127,971	Timber harvest and cell tower rentals
General Fund-Interfund Revenue	\$200,265	General service garage chargebacks
Highway Fund-Operating Transfers-In	(\$369,538)	Board decision not to transfer money to Highway Fund.

Expenditure Items	Budget Variance Amended Vs. <u>Actual</u>	Explanation for Budget Variance
General Fund-General Government Support	\$749,528	Conservative budget estimates for fuel and utilities.
General Fund-Public Safety	\$111,889	Mostly due to professional fees being less than estimated.
General Fund-Employee Benefits	\$245,913	Actual employee benefit costs were less than estimated. Also, revised allocation of employee costs to other funds where applicable.
General Fund-Operating Transfers-Out	\$369,538	Board decision not to transfer money to Highway Fund.
Highway Fund-Transportation	\$404,099	Fewer projects completed and mild winter conditions.
Sewer Fund-Home and Community		Fewer sewer projects along with overall conservative
Services	\$123,218	budget estimates.
Drainage Fund-Home and Community Services	\$172,556	Fewer drainage projects identified.

Capital Assets

A listing of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
Land	\$	3,671,258	\$	3,671,258
Infrastructure		27,354,867		26,899,779
Buildings and Improvements		5,170,101		4,963,920
Machinery and Equipment		3,599,643		3,457,790
Work in Progress		-		543,516
Total Capital Assets, Net of	Φ.	20 505 040	•	20.526.262
Accumulated Depreciation		39,795,869		39,536,263

More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

The general obligation and other long-term debt of the Town is as follows:

<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
\$ 390,000	\$	510,000
840,000		900,000
 29,167		26,387
\$ 1,259,167	\$	1,436,387
\$	\$ 390,000 840,000 29,167	840,000 29,167

The amount of principal paid on outstanding debt was \$\$180,000. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the Town's Future

Substantial rate increases announced by the New York State Employees' Retirement System, combined with expanding health insurance costs, will require increases in budgetary allocations over the next several years.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Henrietta's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

The Town of Henrietta 475 Calkins Road P.O. Box 999 Henrietta, New York 14467-0999

Statement of Net Postion

December 31, 2012

	Governmental		
ASSETS		Activities	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,977,437	
Accounts receivable, net		836,459	
Due from other governments, net		841,298	
State and federal aid receivable		174,026	
Prepaid items		183,012	
Capital assets:			
Land and work in progress		3,671,258	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		36,124,611	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	58,808,101	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	495,533	
Accrued liabilities		305,806	
Unearned revenue		37,030	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due in one year		197,292	
Due in more than one year		1,061,875	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_\$_	2,097,536	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	38,565,869	
Restricted for:			
Capital reserves		684,884	
Other purposes		4,343,233	
Unrestricted		13,116,579	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	56,710,565	

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

					 am Revenuo	es		R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary
			_	Charges for	perating rants and	(Capital Grants and	Ca	overnmental
Functions/Programs]	Expenses	•	Services	itributions		ontributions		Activities
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General government support	\$	2,116,758	\$	26,978	\$ 261,652	\$	-	\$	(1,828,128)
Public safety		713,675		1,717,260	· -		-		1,003,585
Transportation		6,077,364		776,090	_		993,246		(4,308,028)
Economic assistance and opportunity		174,029		-	-		_		(174,029)
Culture and recreation		3,614,303		785,815	23,660		-		(2,804,828)
Home and community services		2,532,359		912,602	-		1,266,903		(352,854)
Interest on long-term debt		38,486		-	 _				(38,486)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	15,266,974	\$	4,218,745	\$ 285,312	\$	2,260,149	\$	(8,502,768)
Total Primary Government	\$	15,266,974		4,218,745	\$ 285,312		2,260,149	\$	(8,502,768)
		neral Revenue	es:						
		Property taxe	es					\$	5,579,730
		Non-property	/ tax	es					3,019,562
		Mortgage tax							862,024
	Co	mpensation fo	or lo	SS					67,519
	Inv	vestment earni	ngs						60,772
	Mi	scellaneous							253,579
	T	otal General	Rev	enues				\$	9,843,186
	(Change in Net	Pos	ition				\$	1,340,418
	Ne	t Position - B	egin	ining					55,370,147
	Ne	t Position - E	ndi	ng				\$	56,710,565

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

December 31, 2012

Major						
	General	I	lighway		Sewer	
	Fund		Fund	Fund		
\$	11,852,954	\$	690,174	\$	1,042,727	
	404,755		890		430,814	
	832,857		5,991		-	
	1,080		172,946		-	
	64,138		60,247		17,299	
\$	13,155,784	\$	930,248	\$	1,490,840	
\$	219,772	\$	200,270	\$	37,340	
	118,580		85,680		29,345	
	-		-		1,623	
	_		_		37,030	
\$	338,352	\$	285,950	\$	105,338	
\$	64,138	\$	60,247	\$	17,299	
	684,884		-		1,368,203	
	1,292,647		584,051		-	
	10,775,763		· -		-	
\$		\$	644,298	\$	1,385,502	
\$	13,155,784	\$	930,248	\$	1,490,840	
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 11,852,954 404,755 832,857 1,080 64,138 \$ 13,155,784 \$ 219,772 118,580 \$ 338,352 \$ 64,138 684,884 1,292,647 10,775,763 \$ 12,817,432	Fund \$ 11,852,954 \$ 404,755 832,857 1,080 64,138 \$ 13,155,784 \$ \$ 219,772 \$ 118,580 \$ \$ 338,352 \$ \$ 64,138 \$ 684,884 1,292,647 10,775,763 \$ \$ 12,817,432 \$	General Fund Highway Fund \$ 11,852,954 \$ 690,174 404,755 890 832,857 5,991 1,080 172,946 64,138 60,247 \$ 13,155,784 \$ 930,248 \$ 930,248 \$ 930,248 \$ \$ 338,352 \$ 200,270 118,580 85,680 -	General Fund Highway Fund \$ 11,852,954 \$ 690,174 \$ 404,755 \$ 890 \$ 832,857 \$ 5,991 \$ 1,080 \$ 172,946 \$ 64,138 \$ 60,247 \$ 13,155,784 \$ 930,248 \$ \$ \$ 219,772 \$ 200,270 \$ 118,580 \$ 85,680 \$	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net assets but not in the funds.

The following long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:

Serial bonds payable

Compensated absences are not reported in the funds under fund accounting but are expensed as the liability is incurred in the statement of net position.

Net Position of Governmental Activities

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	I	Nonmajor		Total
Drainage	\mathbf{G}_{0}	vernmental	G	overnmental
Fund		Funds		Funds
\$ 2,021,822	\$	1,369,760	\$	16,977,437
-		-		836,459
-		2,450		841,298
-		-		174,026
14,384		26,944		183,012
\$ 2,036,206	\$	1,399,154	\$	19,012,232
_				
\$ 10,310	\$	26,218	\$	493,910
18,595		38,627		290,827
-		-		1,623
 				37,030
\$ 28,905	\$	64,845	\$	823,390
			*	
\$ 14,384	\$	26,944	\$	183,012
1,992,917		1,068,553		5,114,557
· -		238,812		2,115,510
		-		10,775,763
\$ 2,007,301	\$	1,334,309	\$	18,188,842
\$ 2,036,206	\$	1,399,154		-

39,795,869

(14,979)

(1,230,000)

(29,167) \$ 56,710,565

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Major					
		General		Highway		Sewer
		Fund		Fund		Fund
Revenues:		•				
Real property and tax items	\$	144,169	\$	2,487,011	\$	546,409
Non-property taxes		3,019,562		• -		-
Departmental income		1,727,143		-		912,602
Intergovernmental charges		56,057		720,033		-
Use of money and property		41,942		5,178		3,651
Licenses and permits		524,752		~		-
Fines and forfeitures		207,319		-		-
Sale of property and compensation for loss		18,524		47,703		-
Miscellaneous		223,971		2,522		75
Interfund revenues		450,265		· -		-
State and county aid		1,147,336		172,946		
Total Revenues	\$	7,561,040	\$	3,435,393	\$	1,462,737
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government support	\$	2,346,524	\$	34,306	\$	16,145
Public safety		566,105		-		-
Transportation		211,766		2,911,683		-
Economic assistance and opportunity		137,915		-		-
Culture and recreation		1,967,493		-		-
Home and community services		99,574		-		1,442,485
Employee benefits		856,897		666,941		286,582
Debt Service:						
Debt service - principal		120,000		-		-
Debt service - interest and other charges		22,963		-		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	\$	6,329,237	\$	3,612,930	\$	1,745,212
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenditures	\$	1,231,803	\$	(177,537)	\$	(282,475)
Other Financing Sources and Uses:						
Operating transfers - in	\$		\$	-	\$. <u>-</u>
Operating transfers - out		(260,000)				
Total Other Financing						
Sources and Uses		(260,000)	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	971,803	\$	(177,537)	\$	(282,475)
Fund Balance - Beginning		11,845,629		821,835		1,667,977
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	12,817,432	\$	644,298	\$	1,385,502

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Drainage Fund Governmental Funds Governmental Funds \$ 806,889 \$ 1,595,252 \$ 5,579,730 - - - 3,019,562 - 70,839 2,710,584 - - 776,090 5,617 4,384 60,772 - - 524,752 - - 207,319 - 1,292 67,519 360 12,501 239,429 - - 450,265 - - 1,320,282 \$ 812,866 \$ 1,684,268 \$ 14,956,304 \$ 10,763 \$ 9,620 \$ 2,417,358 - - 566,105 - 263,889 3,387,338 - - 137,915 - 1,045,935 3,013,428 439,439 2,100 1,983,598 175,610 342,454 2,328,484 - 60,000 180,000 - 17,361 40,324 \$ 625,812		M	1	Nonmajor	Total		
\$ 806,889 \$ 1,595,252 \$ 5,579,730 -)	_	Go	overnmental	Governmental		
		Fund		Funds	Funds		
	\$	806 889	\$	1 595 252	\$	5 579 730	
- 70,839 2,710,584 776,090 5,617 4,384 60,772 524,752 207,319 - 1,292 67,519 360 12,501 239,429 450,265 1,320,282 \$ 812,866 \$ 1,684,268 \$ 14,956,304 \$ 10,763 \$ 9,620 \$ 2,417,358 566,105 - 263,889 3,387,338 137,915 - 1,045,935 3,013,428 439,439 2,100 1,983,598 175,610 342,454 2,328,484 - 60,000 180,000 - 17,361 40,324 \$ 625,812 \$ 1,741,359 \$ 14,054,550 \$ 187,054 \$ (57,091) \$ 901,754 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - (260,000) \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088	Ψ	-	Ψ.	1,373,232	Ψ		
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- 1,292 67,519 360 12,501 239,429 - - 450,265 - - 1,320,282 \$ 812,866 \$ 1,684,268 \$ 14,956,304 \$ 10,763 \$ 9,620 \$ 2,417,358 - - 566,105 - 263,889 3,387,338 - - 137,915 - 1,045,935 3,013,428 439,439 2,100 1,983,598 175,610 342,454 2,328,484 - 60,000 180,000 - 17,361 40,324 \$ 625,812 \$ 1,741,359 \$ 14,054,550 \$ 187,054 \$ (57,091) \$ 901,754 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 \$ 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088		_		_			
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- 566,105 - 263,889 3,387,338 - 137,915 - 1,045,935 3,013,428 439,439 2,100 1,983,598 175,610 342,454 2,328,484 - 60,000 180,000 - 17,361 40,324 \$ 625,812 \$ 1,741,359 \$ 14,054,550 \$ 187,054 \$ (57,091) \$ 901,754 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 \$ - (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 \$ 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088							
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- 137,915 - 1,045,935 3,013,428 439,439 2,100 1,983,598 175,610 342,454 2,328,484 - 60,000 180,000 - 17,361 40,324 \$ 625,812 \$ 1,741,359 \$ 14,054,550 \$ 187,054 \$ (57,091) \$ 901,754 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 - (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088		-		-		566,105	
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439,439 2,100 1,983,598 175,610 342,454 2,328,484 - 60,000 180,000 - 17,361 40,324 \$ 625,812 \$ 1,741,359 \$ 14,054,550 \$ 187,054 \$ (57,091) \$ 901,754 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 - - (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088		-		-		137,915	
175,610 342,454 2,328,484 - 60,000 180,000 17,361 40,324 \$ 625,812 \$ 1,741,359 \$ 14,054,550 \$ 187,054 \$ (57,091) \$ 901,754 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 - - (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088		-		1,045,935		3,013,428	
- 60,000 180,000 17,361 40,324 \$ 625,812 \$ 1,741,359 \$ 14,054,550 \$ 187,054 \$ (57,091) \$ 901,754 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 - - (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088		439,439		2,100		1,983,598	
- 17,361 40,324 \$ 625,812 \$ 1,741,359 \$ 14,054,550 \$ 187,054 \$ (57,091) \$ 901,754 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 - - (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088		175,610		342,454		2,328,484	
- 17,361 40,324 \$ 625,812 \$ 1,741,359 \$ 14,054,550 \$ 187,054 \$ (57,091) \$ 901,754 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 - - (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088		-		60,000		180,000	
\$ 187,054 \$ (57,091) \$ 901,754 \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088		-		17,361		40,324	
\$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088	\$	625,812	\$	1,741,359	\$	14,054,550	
\$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088							
\$ - \$ 260,000 \$ 260,000 (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088	\$	187,054	\$	(57,091)	\$	901,754	
- - (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088							
- - (260,000) \$ - \$ 260,000 \$ - \$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088	\$	-	\$	260,000	\$	260,000	
\$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088		-		· -		(260,000)	
\$ 187,054 \$ 202,909 \$ 901,754 1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088							
1,820,247 1,131,400 17,287,088	\$	-	\$	260,000	\$		
	\$	187,054	\$	202,909	\$	901,754	
\$ 2,007,301 \$ 1,334,309 \$ 18.188.842		1,820,247		1,131,400		17,287,088	
	\$	2,007,301	\$	1,334,309	\$	18,188,842	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 901,754
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the	;	
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimates	ated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by w	hich	
depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Addition of assets	\$ 3,600,573	
Depreciation	(3,333,304)	
Gain/(Loss) on sale of assets	(7,663)	
		259,606
Bond and installment purchase debt proceeds provide current financial res	ources to	
governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the	e Statement	
of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the government	ernmental	
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of	f Net	
Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental	l activities:	
Debt repayment		180,000
Compensated absences represents the value of the earned and unused porti	on of the	
liability for vacation and compensatory time. They are reported in the state	ement of	
activities but do not require the use of current financial resources and there	efore are	
not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the net change	of	
compensated absences.		(2,780)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, who	ereas in	
governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		1,838

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

1,340,418

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2012

	Expendable		Agency		
	Tr	Funds			
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 2,629,735		
Accounts receivable		-	2,500		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	-	\$ 2,632,235		
LIABILITIES					
Parks capital	\$	-	\$ 1,146,054		
Developer deposits		-	1,135,726		
Other liabilities	18************************************	-	350,455		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 2,632,235		
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted	\$				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	_			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the Town of Henrietta, Monroe County, New York (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town is governed by its charter, Town Law, other general laws of the State of New York, and various local laws. The Town Board, which is the legislative body responsible for the overall operation of the Town, consists of the Supervisor and four Councilpersons. The Supervisor serves as Chief Executive Officer and Chief Fiscal Officer of the Town. The Supervisor is elected to serve a two year term. The Council persons are elected to serve four year terms with two Council persons on the ballot every two years.

The Town provides the following basic services to all or some residents of the Town: highway maintenance, recreation facilities and program, environmental services, sanitation and library services.

All governmental activities and functions performed by the Town are its direct responsibility, no other governmental organizations have been included or excluded from the reporting entity.

The Town defines its reporting entity in accordance with GASB. Based on the criteria under this Statement, there are no component units to be included in the reporting entity.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

1. Government-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Town as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for Fiduciary Funds.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government —wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

(I.) (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Town. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general operating fund.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Town. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fund type.

The Governmental Funds are accounted for on the "flow of current financial resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus is based on the concept of accountability, which includes measuring interperiod equity whether current year revenues were sufficient to pay for current year services. The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

a. Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those major and non-major funds through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus of the governmental funds is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position. The following are the Town's governmental fund types.

1. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>General Fund</u> - the principal operating fund and includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds.

<u>Highway Fund</u> - a special revenue fund used to account for taxes, user fees, or other revenues which are raised or received to provide highway services to areas throughout the Town.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - a special revenue fund used to account for user fees or other revenues which are raised to provide sewer services to Town residents.

<u>Drainage Fund</u> - a special revenue fund used to account for the financial transactions of drainage districts.

2. Non-Major Governmental Funds

The other funds which do not meet the major fund criteria are aggregated and reported as non-major other governmental funds. The following are reported as non-major other governmental funds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or renovation of capital facilities, or the acquisition of equipment.

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for taxes, user fees, or other revenues which are raised or received to provide special services to areas that may or may not encompass the whole Town. The following are non-major special revenue funds utilized by the Town:

Public Library Fund Street Lighting Fund Parks Fund Transportation Fund Consolidated Sewer Fund

b. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the local government in a trustee or custodial capacity.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have measurement focus. The Agency Fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity.

3. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary Funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

a. Modified Accrual

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both available and measurable. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include ad valorem taxes, reimbursable- type grants, town clerk fees and snow and ice reimbursements. The Town considers all revenues as available if collected within one year from the balance sheet date. Property taxes are recognized when taxes are received. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due and compensated absences which are recorded when due/paid.

(I.) (Continued)

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to revenues from Federal and State sources, the legal contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before the Town will receive any amounts; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the occurrence of expenditures. In the other type, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed legal and contractual requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. In all cases, monies received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as deferred revenue.

b. Accrual

Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred regardless of the timing of cash inflows and outflows.

C. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

1. Cash and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market value.

2. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Management has deemed amounts to be fully collectible and as such no allowance has been provided. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales tax and sewer fees.

3. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory purchases in the General and Special Revenue Funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and year-end balances are not maintained.

4. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

The amounts reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet for due to and due from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (general, highway and non-major funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year end is provided subsequently in these notes.

(I.) (Continued)

5. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both governmental-wide and fund financial statements.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets represent the cumulative amount of capital assets owned by the Town. Purchased assets are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements and are capitalized at cost on the government-wide statement of net position. In the case of gifts or contributions, such assets are recorded at fair market value at the time received.

Prior to January 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets (back to January 1, 1974) have been valued at estimated historical cost.

A capitalization threshold of \$2,500 is used to report capital assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Class</u>	Life in Years
Buildings	15-20 Years
Water & Sewer Systems	30 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-15 Years
Improvements; Parking Lots	5-10 Years
Roads, Sidewalks, Curbing,	
Light Systems, Gutters	30 Years

7. Unearned Revenue

The Town reports deferred revenues in its basic financial statements. Deferred revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenue also arises when resources are received by the Town before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the Town has legal claim to resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

8. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the town-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other post-employment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the Town's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

a. Compensatory Absences

Pursuant to contractual agreements, Town employees are credited with a maximum of 22 days vacation, on the employee's anniversary date; no more than five days of vacation leave credits may be carried into a subsequent anniversary period, and this option may be exercised only every other year, for bargaining unit employees. An individual who leaves the employment of the Town is entitled to be paid for unused vacation leave.

b. Other Benefits

Town employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides postemployment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. The Town recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

9. Encumbrances

For financial reporting purposes encumbrances have been reclassified to assigned fund balance on the governmental funds for general fund and assigned or restricted fund balance in the highway and sewer fund. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts or other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded for budgetary control purposes to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in the general, town-wide capital improvement project and nonmajor funds.

10. Equity Classifications

a. Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

 Additionally, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt should be included in this component of net position.
- 2. Restricted net position consists of restricted assets (i.e. restrictions imposed by (1). external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enable legislation) reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows related to those assets.
- 3. <u>Unrestricted net position</u> consists of the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investments in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

b. Financial Statements -Fund Balance

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used.

- 1. <u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> Amounts that are not in a spendable form (i.e. inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted fund balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- 3. <u>Assigned fund balance</u> Amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board or by an official or body to which the Board delegates the authority.
- 4. <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> Amounts that are available for town purposes pursuant to any Law restrictions. Any positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.
- c. The Board has passed the following policies that relate to GASB No. 54:
 - 1. <u>Assigned fund balance</u> The purchasing agent is responsible for all of the purchasing activities of the Town and therefore, is designated as having the authority to assign amounts intended to be used for a specific purpose. (Encumbrances at year-end will now be considered <u>assigned funds</u>.)

The Town Board has the authority to assign fund balance for the purpose of tax reduction on an annual basis. (Appropriation of fund balance for ensuing year's budget)

- 2. <u>Spending policy</u> Resources will generally be spent from Budgetary Appropriations first. Utilization of reserve funds will be determined based on the legal appropriation of such funds which require either the Town Board and/or Town voter approval. Furthermore, assigned amounts will be considered expended when the transaction for which the assignment was made does occur.
- 3. Order of fund balance The Town's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Special revenue fund balances are classified as assigned, and any remaining fund balance amounts other than the General Fund are classified as restricted.

(I.) (Continued)

In the General Fund, assigned fund balance is determined before the remaining amounts which are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

It is possible for the funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when nonspendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance.

D. Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses

1. Revenues

Real Property taxes are levied annually, no later than December 31, and become a lien on January 1. Taxes are collected during the period January 1 to March 31. Taxes for County purposes are levied together with taxes for Town and special district purposes on a single bill. The Town and special districts receive the full amount of their levies annually out of the first amounts collected on the combined bills. Uncollected taxes at June 1 are turned over to Monroe County for collection.

The County of Monroe currently imposes a *sales and use tax*. Based upon a complex formula, a portion of the total revenue collected is allocated annually to the Town in four quarterly installments.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and, 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

2. Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – By Character:

Current (further classified by function)

Debt Service Capital outlay

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Government-wide financial statements report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

E. Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

1. Fund Financial Statements

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- **a.** <u>Interfund loan</u> amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- **b.** <u>Interfund services</u> sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- **c.** <u>Interfund reimbursements</u> repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds
- **d.** <u>Interfund transfers</u> flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

2. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- **a.** <u>Internal balances</u> amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental funds.
- **b.** <u>Internal activities</u> amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

1. Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. GASB Statement 63 provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. The Statement of Net Assets is renamed the Statement of Net Position and includes four components: assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The Town adopted the provisions of the statement for the year ended December 31, 2012.

(I.) (Continued)

2. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The GASB has issued Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibusan amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, which will be effective for the year ending December 31, 2013.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which will be effective for the year ending December 31, 2013.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, which will be effective for the year ending December 31, 2014.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Reporting for Pension Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, which will be effective for the year ending December 31, 2015.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, which will be effective for the year ending December 31, 2014.

The Town is currently studying these statements and plans on adoption as required.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability:

By its nature as a local government unit, the Town is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the Town's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over Town resources follows.

A. Budgetary Data

1. **Budget Policies** - The budget policies are as follows:

- a. No later than September 30, the budget officer submits a tentative budget to the Town Clerk for submission to the Town Board for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed means of financing for all funds.
- **b.** After public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, no later than December 20, the Town Board adopts the budget.
- **c.** All modifications of the budget must be approved by the Town Board. (However, the Town Supervisor is authorized to transfer certain budgeted amounts within departments.)
- **d.** Budgetary controls are established for the capital projects fund through resolutions authorizing individual projects which remain in effect for the life of the project.

(II.) (Continued)

2. Budget Basis of Accounting

Budget(s) are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

3. Revenue Restrictions

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources are those revenues raised for the special district special revenue funds.

B. Deposit and Investment Laws and Regulations

The Town's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the Town's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds and Account Groups:

A. Cash

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. While the Town does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the Town's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes.

The Town's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging	
financial institution	9,357,996
Collateralized within Trust department or agent	 9,080,637
Total	\$ 18,438,633

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year end included \$806,289 within the governmental funds.

(III.) (Continued)

B. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2012 consisted of the following:

Description	Amount			
State Aid	\$	1,080		
State Aid - Chips		172,946		
Monroe County Sales Tax		812,116		
Monroe County, Miscellaneous		25,942		
Fire Alarms		18,800		
Fines, Fees, and Forfeitures		15,186		
G.S.G. Charge Backs		179,749		
Town Clerk Report		49,168		
Building Report		29,136		
Engineering		63,872		
Sewer Rents Receivable		429,789		
Property Maintenance		48,585		
Miscellaneous		5,414		
Total	\$	1,851,783		

C. <u>Interfund Revenues and Expenditures</u>

Interfund revenues and expenditures at December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	Iı	iterfund	Interfund				
<u>Fund</u>	R	levenues	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{x}$	<u>penditures</u>			
General	\$	-	\$	260,000			
Library		260,000					
Total	\$	260,000	\$	260,000			

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

The Town typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

(III.) (Continued)

D. Changes In Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

Туре	Balance 01/01/12		Additions Deletions				Balance 12/31/12	
Capital assets not being Depreciated:		<u>Additions</u>		-	<u>Jeretions</u>		12/01/12	
Land	\$	3,671,258	\$	· · · -	\$	· -	\$	3,671,258
Work in progress		543,516		-		(543,516)		
Total capital assets not being				,				· · ·
depreciated	\$	4,214,774	\$		\$	(543,516)	\$	3,671,258
Other capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	10,762,764	\$	446,388	\$	-	\$	11,209,152
Machinery and equipment		6,332,650		564,715		(335,930)		6,561,435
Infrastructure		62,391,995		3,132,986				65,524,981
Total other capital assets at								
historical cost	_\$_	79,487,409	\$	4,144,089	\$	(335,930)	\$	83,295,568
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	5,798,844	\$	240,207	\$		\$	6,039,051
Machinery and equipment		2,874,860		415,199		(328,267)		2,961,792
Infrastructure		35,492,216		2,677,898				38,170,114
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	44,165,920	\$	3,333,304	\$	(328,267)	\$	47,170,957
Other capital assets, net	\$	35,321,489	\$	810,785	\$	(7,663)	\$	36,124,611
Governmental activities capital								
assets, net	\$	39,536,263	\$	810,785	\$	(551,179)	\$	39,795,869

Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$	65,339
Public Safety	*	26,000
Transportation		2,417,454
Culture and Recreation		184,708
Home and Community Services		639,803
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	3,333,304

E. Long-Term Debt

At December 31, 2012 the total outstanding obligations of the Town aggregated \$1,259,167 as follows:

1. Environmental Facilities Corp./Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds - The Town has borrowed money from the Environmental Facilities Corp. for water pollution control in the Town. The interest is subsidized by the Environmental Facilities Corp. through the State Revolving Fund by approximately one half.

(III.) (Continued)

Serial Bonds - The Town, borrows money in order to acquire land or high cost equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the Town. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount, exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities.

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Total interest expense	\$ 38,486
Plus: interest accrued in the current year	14,979
Less: interest accrued in the prior year	(16,817)
Interest paid	\$ 40,324

3. Other Long-Term Obligations - In addition to long-term bonded debt the Town had the following other obligations:

Compensated Absences - represents the value of earned and unused vacation leave and compensatory time.

4. Summary of Debt - The following is a summary of obligations outstanding at December 31, 2012:

]	Balance						Balance		<u>.s</u>		
	1	/1/2012	Additions		Deletions		12/31/2012		Current		No	n-Current
Serial Bonds	\$	510,000	\$		\$	120,000	\$	390,000	\$	130,000	\$	260,000
Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds		900,000		-		60,000		840,000		60,000		780,000
Compensated Absences		26,387		2,780		-		29,167		7,292		21,875
Total Obligations	\$	1,436,387	\$	2,780	\$	180,000	\$	1,259,167	\$	197,292	\$	1,061,875

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

Debt Maturity Schedule - The following is a statement of bonds with corresponding maturity schedules:

			Amount utstanding	Year of Final
Purpose	<u>Date</u>	<u>Interest</u>	12/31/12	Maturity
Serial and Statutory -				
Public Improvement	2001	4.25%	\$ 390,000	2015
Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds -		•		
State Water Pollution Control**	2010C	0.95%-3.38%*	200,000	2019
State Water Pollution Control**	2007D	3.63%*	640,000	2028
Total			\$ 1,230,000	

- * This interest is subsidized by the Environmental Facilities Corporation through the State Revolving Fund by approximately one half.
- ** The interest paid on these bonds was paid net of interest revenue earned as follows:

		Gross	Int	erest and		
	I	nterest	S	Subsidy	Ne	t Interest
Bond	E	xpense	<u>R</u>	levenue		Paid
2010C	\$	5,356	\$	2,678	\$	2,678
2007D		29,049		14,366		14,683
Total	\$	34,405	\$	17,044	\$	17,361

The Town had entered into an agreement with South Central Pure Waters District of Monroe County, whereby the District assumed responsibility for the operation and maintenance costs of the Town's sewage treatment.

6. The following table summarizes the Town's future debt service requirements as of December 31, 2012:

<u>Year</u>	Bonds	Interest
2013	\$ 190,000	\$ 50,376
2014	190,000	42,678
2015	195,000	34,822
2016	65,000	26,631
2017	65,000	24,336
2018-22	260,000	86,216
2023-27	220,000	36,851
2028	 45,000	 1,069
Total	\$ 1,230,000	\$ 302,979

In prior years, the Town defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. \$200,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

F. Fund Balances/Net Position

1. Fund Balances

a. Nonspendable

The Town has the following nonspendable funds:

<u>Nonspendable Prepaid Items</u> - The Town has prepaid various items and the cash is no longer available therefore those funds are nonspendable.

b. Restricted

Currently, New York State laws still use the terminology reserves. The Town currently utilizes the following reserves which are classified as restricted funds:

<u>Special Districts</u> – Town special districts fund balance is considered restricted as the revenues are raised by a specific taxing jurisdiction and can only be expended for that purpose. The Town has the following special districts:

Street Lighting	Consolidated Sewer	Parks
Sewer	Drainage	Transportation

<u>Capital Reserves</u> - As provided in General Municipal Law Section 6, the Town has established the following Capital Reserve:

]	Balance					}	Balance
General Fund -	0	1/01/12	A	dditions	<u>Delet</u>	ions	1	2/31/12
Capital Building Reserve	\$	433,331	\$	251,553	\$		\$	684,884

c. Assigned

The Town has the following assigned funds:

General Fund –	1. 2.	Appropriated for Taxes Encumbrances
Highway Fund —	2.	Year End Equity Encumbrances Appropriated for Taxes
Sewer Fund –	1. 2.	Year End Equity Encumbrances
Capital Projects –	1.	Year End Equity
Library Fund –	1. 2.	Year End Equity Appropriated for Taxes

Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the Town's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year end. The Town assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

(III.) (Continued)

Significant encumbrances for the general fund, management has determined that amounts in excess of \$65,000 are considered significant and are summarized below:

- There were no significant encumbrances in General Fund.

The remaining funds do not have encumbrances that are considered significant.

d. Unassigned

Unassigned funds include the residual classification for the Town's general fund and all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications.

The following table summarizes the Town's fund balance according to the descriptions above:

									Non-		
	General	H	lighway	Sewer	D	rainage	C	apital	Major		
FUND BALANCE:	Fund		<u>Fund</u>	Fund		<u>Fund</u>	Pr	ojects	<u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Nonspendable -											
Prepaid items	\$ 64,138	\$	60,247	\$ 17,299	\$	14,384	\$	-	\$ 26,944	_\$	183,012
Total Nonspendable	\$ 64,138	_\$	60,247	\$ 17,299	\$	14,384	\$	_	\$ 26,944	\$	183,012
Restricted -											
Appropriated for taxes	\$ -	\$		\$ 395,146	\$	76,390	\$	-	\$ 58,663	\$	530,199
Capital project #2	-		-	-		-	1	16,613	-		116,613
Sewer project	-		-	-		-		2,613	-		2,613
DPW project	_		-	-		-		2,179	-		2,179
Capital reserve	684,884		-	-		-		-	-		684,884
Transportation	-		-	-				-	594,177		594,177
Parks	-		-	-				-	23,787		23,787
Sewer	-		-	973,057		_		-	-		973,057
Street lighting	-		-	-		-		-	210,169		210,169
Consolidated sewer	-		-	_		-		-	60,352		60,352
Drainage	-		-	-	1	,916,527		-	-		1,916,527
Total Restricted	\$ 684,884	\$	_	\$ 1,368,203	\$ 1	,992,917	\$ 1	21,405	\$ 947,148	\$	5,114,557
Assigned -	 										****
Appropriated for taxes	\$ 1,288,626	\$	390,045	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 26,622	\$	1,705,293
Highway	-		194,006	.=		_		-	-		194,006
Library	-		-	-		-		_	212,190		212,190
General government											
support	3,033		_	-		_		_	_		3,033
Economic opportunity											
and development	100		-	_		-		_	-		100
Culture and recreation	888		_	_		_		_	_		888
Total Assigned	\$ 1,292,647	\$	584,051	\$ _	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$ 238,812	\$	2,115,510
Unassigned	\$ 10,775,763	\$		\$ 	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$	10,775,763
TOTAL FUND											
BALANCE	\$ 12,817,432		644,298	\$ 1,385,502	\$ 2	,007,301	\$ 1	21,405	\$ 1,212,904	\$	18,188,842

(III.) (Continued)

The following special revenue funds restricted fund balances have monies appropriated for 2013 taxes:

	<u>Total</u>
Street Lighting	\$ 4,613
Transportation	23,500
Parks	30,550
Total Special Revenue	
Restricted Appropriated for Taxes	\$ 58,663

2. Net Position - Restricted for Other Purposes

Represents those amounts which have been restricted by enabling legislation or Board Resolutions.

		<u>Total</u>
Sewer	\$	1,385,502
Consolidated Sewer		60,352
Drainage		2,007,301
Street lighting		214,782
Parks		57,619
Transportation		617,677
Total Net Position - Restricted		
for Other Purposes	_\$	4,343,233

IV. Other Notes:

A. Employee Pension and Other Benefit Plans

1. Pension Plans

Plan Description

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost sharing multiple employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York serves as sole trustee and administrative head of the System. The Comptroller shall adopt and may amend rules and regulations for the administration and transactions of the business of the System and for the custody and control of its funds. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, Gov. Alfred E. Smith State Office Building, Albany, NY 12244.

(IV.) (Continued)

Funding Policy

The System is noncontributory for the employee, except for those who joined the system after July 27, 1976 and before January 1, 2010 with less than ten years membership, who contribute 3% of their salary. Those joining on or after January 1, 2010 are required to contribute 3.5% of their annual salary for their entire career. For NYSERS the Comptroller certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund.

The Town of Henrietta, Monroe County, New York is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	<u>ERS</u>
2012	\$ 733,565
2011	\$ 676,647
2010	\$ 427,832

The Town's contributions made to the System were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required for each year.

2. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Town maintains a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code for which Town employees have the option to participate.

3. Postemployment Benefits

The Town does not provide postemployment benefits in the form of health insurance after retirement, however, the Town does provide life insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the Town's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Town. The life insurance is provided through an insurance company whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The Town recognizes the cost of providing benefits by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the year paid.

The amount of life insurance will be equal to 90% of the amount for which an employee would be insured prior to retirement. This amount will decrease by 10% on each anniversary thereafter. Each reduced amount will be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$1,000, if not already an even multiple thereof, subject to a minimum of \$5,000. Amounts ending in \$500 will be rounded to the next higher multiple of \$1,000.

The Town's cost for postemployment life insurance to cover 28 retirees during 2012 was \$1,478. Since this is an immaterial amount the Town will continue on a pay as you go basis and no actuarial computation is anticipated to be completed.

4. Compensatory Absences

Pursuant to contractual agreements, Town employees are credited with a maximum of 22 days vacation, on the employee's anniversary date; no more than five days of vacation leave credits may be carried into a subsequent anniversary period for bargaining unit employees. An individual who leaves the employment of the Town is entitled to be paid for unused vacation leave. The expense for those fringe benefits is recorded at the time the benefit is paid. The Town's computed accrued vacation pay liability at December 31, 2012 amounts to \$29,167.

Also, pursuant to agreement, employees can receive disability for a maximum of 165 days per year; a portion of the expense of this benefit is covered by insurance.

5. Health Reimbursement Account

The Town implemented a Health Reimbursement Account Plan (HRA). The Town contributes to the Plan for eligible employees based upon employment criteria as outlined in the Plan document. The eligible expenses allowed for reimbursement under the Plan are medical expenses as defined by IRS Code Section 213(d) and eligible over the counter medical expenses.

The Plan is accounted for on a calendar year basis. Any participant's funds remaining in the account at the end of a Plan year will be rolled over and added to the account of the next Plan year. The Plan is accounted for in the Town's Trust and Agency Fund and any unfunded liability is recorded proportionately in the funds. The balance in the account at December 31, 2012 totaled \$39,256.

B. Risk Management

1. General Information

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

C. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

1. Contingent Liabilities

Program and administrative costs are subject to audit and adjustment by various State agencies. Differences between ultimate settlements and estimated costs included in the financial statements are recorded in the year of settlement. Town management believes that it is in substantial compliance with all program requirements.

2. <u>Litigation</u>

As of the report date, there are several pending notices of claim that have been filed against the Town, however, management believes they will be covered by the Town's insurance.

(IV.) (Continued)

3. <u>Leases</u>

a. **Operating Leases**

The Town of Henrietta court facilities currently rents space on a month to month basis. The total cost of renting this space for 2012 totaled \$59,500.

The Town of Henrietta recreation facilities currently rents space on a month to month basis. The total cost of renting this space for 2012 totaled \$58,500.

b. Monroe County Water Authority Retail Lease Agreement

The Monroe County Water Authority executed a retail lease agreement with the Town on July 8, 2002. The agreement states that the Authority will lease, maintain, repair, and operate the facilities of the District. As part of the agreement, the Authority agreed to undertake a capital improvement program to make improvements to the water system to be completed within five years of the agreement. The retail lease agreement has a term of 40 years and will automatically renew for two additional periods of 20 years each unless notice of cancellation is given by either party.

D. Rental of Town Property

The Town rents property to Sprint, Cricket, and T-Mobile Cellular for cellular tower usage. The Town also rents property for agricultural purposes. The total rental income received and accrued for the year ended December 31, 2012 totaled \$76,165.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

General and Major Special Revenue Fund Types

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	GENERAL FUND									
	Original Budget (Incl. Carryover Encumbrances)		(Budget (Amended)		Actual		Encumbrances		Variance
Revenues:		_								
Real property and tax items	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	144,169	\$	-	\$	44,169
Non-property taxes		2,100,000		2,100,000		3,019,562		-		919,562
Departmental income		1,683,628		1,683,628		1,727,143		-		43,515
Intergovernmental charges		50,000		50,000		56,057		-		6,057
Use of money and property		53,500		53,500		41,942		-		(11,558)
Licenses and permits		484,000		484,000		524,752		-		40,752
Fines and forfeitures		225,000		225,000		207,319		_		(17,681)
Sale of property and										
compensation for loss		11,000		11,000		18,524		_		7,524
Miscellaneous		96,000		96,000		223,971		_		127,971
Interfund revenues		250,000		250,000		450,265		_		200,265
State and county aid		1,100,674		1,100,674		1,147,336		-		46,662
Total Revenues	\$	6,153,802	\$	6,153,802	\$	7,561,040	\$	-	\$	1,407,238
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government support	\$	3,173,443	\$	3,099,085	\$	2,346,524	\$	3,033	\$	749,528
Public safety		677,994		677,994		566,105		_		111,889
Transportation		277,892		268,892		211,766		-		57,126
Economic assistance and opportunity		153,998		154,033		137,915		100		16,018
Culture and recreation		1,882,431		2,040,169		1,967,493		888		71,788
Home and community services		110,850		103,522		99,574		_		3,948
Employee benefits		1,102,810		1,102,810		856,897		_		245,913
Debt Service:						-				•
Debt service - principal		120,000		120,000		120,000		_		-
Debt service - interest and other charges		22,963		22,963		22,963		-		-
Total Expenditures	\$	7,522,381	\$	7,589,468	\$	6,329,237	\$	4,021	\$	1,256,210
Excess (deficiency) of revenue										
over expenditures	\$	(1,368,579)	\$	(1,435,666)	\$	1,231,803	\$	(4,021)	\$	2,663,448
Other Financing Sources and Uses:										
Operating transfers - out	\$	(629,538)	\$	(629,538)	\$	(260,000)	\$	-	\$	369,538
Total Other Financing									***********	
Sources and Uses	\$	(629,538)	\$	(629,538)	\$	(260,000)	\$	-	\$	369,538
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,998,117)	\$	(2,065,204)	\$	971,803	\$	(4,021)	\$	3,032,986
Fund Balance - Beginning		11,845,629		11,845,629		11,845,629				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	9,847,512	\$	9,780,425	\$	12,817,432	\$	(4,021)	\$	3,032,986

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Major Special Revenue Fund Types

December 31, 2012

			HIG	HWAY FUND					
	Ori	ginal Budget							
	(Inc	cl. Carryover	Budget						
	En	cumbrances)	(Amended)	Actual	Enc	umbrances	Variance		
Revenues:									
Real property and tax items	\$	2,426,244	\$ 2,426,244	\$ 2,487,011	\$	-	\$	60,767	
Intergovernmental charges		625,000	625,000	720,033		-		95,033	
Use of money and property		6,500	6,500	5,178		i -		(1,322)	
Sale of property and									
compensation for loss		25,000	25,000	47,703		-		22,703	
Miscellaneous		5,000	5,000	2,522		-		(2,478)	
State and county aid		172,771	172,771	172,946		-		175	
Total Revenues	\$	3,260,515	\$ 3,260,515	\$ 3,435,393	\$	-	\$	174,878	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government support	\$	42,500	\$ 42,500	\$ 34,306	\$	-	\$	8,194	
Transportation		3,316,450	3,316,450	2,911,683		668		404,099	
Employee benefits		722,736	722,736	666,941		_		55,795	
Total Expenditures	\$	4,081,686	\$ 4,081,686	\$ 3,612,930	\$	668	\$	468,088	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue									
over expenditures	\$	(821,171)	\$ (821,171)	\$ (177,537)		(668)	_\$_	642,966	
Other Financing Sources and U	Jses:								
Operating transfers - in	\$	369,538	\$ 369,538	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(369,538)	
Total Other Financing									
Sources and Uses	\$	369,538	\$ 369,538	\$ -	\$		\$	(369,538)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(451,633)	\$ (451,633)	\$ (177,537)	\$	(668)	\$	273,428	
Fund Balance - Beginning		821,835	821,835	821,835				_	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	370,202	\$ 370,202	\$ 644,298	\$	(668)	\$	273,428	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

General and Major Special Revenue Fund Types

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	SEWER FUND									
	Ori	ginal Budget								
	(Inc	l. Carryover	Budget							
	Enc	cumbrances)	(Amended)	Actual	Encu	mbrances	V	ariance		
Revenues:										
Real property and tax items	\$	546,409	\$ 546,409	\$ 546,409	\$		\$	-		
Departmental income		954,705	954,705	912,602		-		(42,103)		
Use of money and property		5,000	5,000	3,651		-		(1,349)		
Miscellaneous		500	500	75		_		(425)		
Total Revenues	\$	1,506,614	\$ 1,506,614	\$ 1,462,737			_\$_	(43,877)		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government support	\$	18,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 16,145	\$	-	\$	1,855		
Home and community services		1,598,535	1,566,659	1,442,485		956		123,218		
Employee benefits		254,745	286,621	286,582		<u>-</u>		39		
Total Expenditures	\$	1,871,280	\$ 1,871,280	\$ 1,745,212	\$	956	\$	125,112		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue										
over expenditures	\$	(364,666)	\$ (364,666)	\$ (282,475)	\$	(956)	\$	81,235		
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,667,977	1,667,977	1,667,977				-		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,303,311	\$ 1,303,311	\$ 1,385,502	\$	(956)	\$	81,235		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Major Special Revenue Fund Types

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	DRAINAGE FUND								
	Ori	ginal Budget							
	(Incl. Carryover		Budget						
	Enc	cumbrances)	(Amended)		Actual		Variance		
Revenues:				_					
Real property and tax items	\$	806,889	\$	806,889	\$	806,889	\$	-	
Use of money and property		8,500		8,500		5,617		(2,883)	
Sale of property and compensation for loss		500		500		-		(500)	
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		360		360	
Total Revenues	\$	815,889	\$	815,889	\$	812,866	\$	(3,023)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government support	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$	10,763	\$	6,237	
Home and community services		611,995		611,995		439,439		172,556	
Employee benefits		186,894		186,894		175,610		11,284	
Total Expenditures	\$	815,889	\$	815,889	\$	625,812	\$	190,077	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue									
over expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	187,054	\$	187,054	
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,820,247	•	1,820,247		1,820,247			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,820,247	\$	1,820,247	\$	2,007,301	\$	187,054	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2012

	Capital		Public		Street		Consolidated		
	Projects]	Library		Lighting		Sewer	
	Fund			Fund		Fund	Fund		
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	121,405	\$	269,971	\$	238,545	\$.	60,352	
Due from other governments, net		-		2,450		-		-	
Prepaid items				23,662		_		-	
Total Assets	\$	121,405	\$	296,083	\$	238,545	\$	60,352	
Liabilities and Fund Balance									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and other	Φ.		Ф	2.62	Φ.	22.7/2	Φ.		
current liabilities	\$	-	\$	362	\$	23,763	\$		
Accrued liabilities				33,247		-		-	
Total Liabilities	\$			33,609	\$_	23,763		-	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	23,662	\$	-	\$	-	
Restricted		121,405		-		214,782		60,352	
Assigned		-		238,812				_	
Total Fund Balances	\$	121,405	\$	262,474	\$	214,782	\$	60,352	
Total Liabilities and									
Fund Balances	\$	121,405	\$	296,083	\$	238,545	\$	60,352	

				7	Total Nonmajor		
	Parks	Transportation Governmen					
	Fund		Fund	Funds			
\$	61,810	\$	617,677	\$	1,369,760		
	-		-		2,450		
	3,282				26,944		
\$	65,092	\$	617,677	\$	1,399,154		
\$	2,093	\$		\$	26,218		
Ψ	5,380	Ψ	_	Ψ	38,627		
\$	7,473	\$	_	\$	64,845		
\$	3,282	\$	-	\$	26,944		
	54,337		617,677		1,068,553		
	=		· -		238,812		
\$	57,619	\$	617,677	\$	1,334,309		
\$	65,092	\$	617,677	\$	1,399,154		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Capital Projects Fund	Public Library Fund	Street Lighting Fund		Consolidated Sewer Fund	
Revenues:						
Real property and tax items	\$ -	\$ 1,058,166	\$	265,424	\$	79,462
Departmental income	-	70,839		-		-
Use of money and property	335	1,363		830		52
Sale of property and						
compensation for loss	-	1,292		-		-
Miscellaneous	 	 12,501		-		-
Total Revenues	\$ 335	 1,144,161	\$	266,254	\$	79,514
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government support	\$ _	\$ 8,174	\$	-	\$	-
Transportation	_	_		259,669		-
Culture and recreation	_	937,749		_		-
Home and community services	-	-		-		2,100
Employee benefits	-	293,190		-		_
Debt Service:						
Debt service - principal	-			-		60,000
Debt service - interest and						
other charges	-	-		-		17,361
Total Expenditures	\$ _	\$ 1,239,113	\$	259,669	\$	79,461
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenditures	\$ 335	\$ (94,952)	\$	6,585	\$	53
Other Financing Sources and Uses:						
Operating transfers - in	\$ _	\$ 260,000	\$	_	\$	· · · · · · · -
Total Other Financing	 		-			
Sources and Uses	\$ _	\$ 260,000	\$	-	\$	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 335	\$ 165,048	\$	6,585	\$	53
Fund Balance - Beginning	 121,070	 97,426		208,197		60,299
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 121,405	\$ 262,474	\$	214,782	\$	60,352

			Total		
Parks	Tra	nsportation	Nonmajor Governmental		
Fund	114	Fund	Funds		
 	·				
\$ 192,200	\$	-	\$	1,595,252	
-		-		70,839	
310		1,494		4,384	
-		-		1,292	
 102.510	Ф.	1 404	<u> </u>	12,501	
\$ 192,510	\$	1,494	_\$	1,684,268	
\$ 1,446	\$	-	\$	9,620	
· -		4,220		263,889	
108,186		-		1,045,935	
_		· -		2,100	
49,264		-		342,454	
-		-		60,000	
_		. <u>-</u>		17,361	
\$ 158,896	\$	4,220	\$	1,741,359	
\$ 33,614	\$	(2,726)	\$	(57,091)	
 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•		
\$ -	\$	_	\$	260,000	
<u>. </u>				 -	
\$	\$		\$	260,000	
\$ 33,614	\$	(2,726)	\$	202,909	
24,005		620,403		1,131,400	
\$ 57,619	\$	617,677	\$	1,334,309	